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Glen Ellen COLUMN.

Society Notices.

N S G W

Glen Ellen Parlor, No. 102, meets on the last Saturday evening in each month at Native Sons' hall.

I O H

Glen Ellen Grange, No. 399, meets the 1st and 3d Friday evenings of each month at Native Sons' hall.

W W

Ellenwood Camp, No. 487, meets the 1st and 3d Saturday evenings of each month at Native Son's hall.

Congregational Church

Rev. A. J. Scott pastor. Services every Sunday at 3:45 p. m. Sunday School at 2:45 p. m.

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FRUIT AND FLOWERS

LAYERING GOOSEBERRIES.

When and How to Do It—Propagating Currants by Cuttings.

Gooseberries can be layered after bearing or later in July, after the principal growth is made. When limbs are pegged down, a slit can be made in the underside of the bent portion, which is likely to induce more rapid rooting. Four or five inches of the tip should be left above ground. The most common method of propagating European gooseberries and the more difficult American varieties, like Downing, is by mound layering. About July 1 earth is mounded about and through the bushes, leaving only a few inches of tips of the branches exposed. Most American varieties will have produced roots by October, but gooseberries of the Keepsake and Industry class should be left mounded up for two seasons. About Nov. 1 the earth may be dug away, the shoots cut below any roots that have formed and immediately planted in trenches 15 or 20 inches apart, firming well about the roots and covering with earth nearly to the tips. Even if no roots have formed, the cuttings are in a much better condition to throw out roots and make a good growth than if planted without such preparation. After a season's growth and cultivation in the nursery trench they may be planted in their permanent position. Currants are best propagated by cuttings, which may be taken as early as September. They are usually made six or eight inches long and may be firmly planted at once, leaving one or two buds above the surface. The Houghton and one or two other American gooseberries can be propagated in the same manner, but they root with less certainty than currants. —Rural New Yorker.

Chrysanthemum Rust.

Chrysanthemum rust has been somewhat abundant in various sections the last year or two. It grows so rapidly and the spores are so numerous that they fall from one leaf to the other and cause the leaves to look as if they had been dusted over with tobacco dust. Professor Halstead advises to buy your stock from people who have none of this rust, and if you are so unfortunate as to have it use heroic remedies. Throw out and burn all your stock, rip out all boards, walk, etc., and burn also. Dig out all the earth, whitewash all the walls. In short, make thorough work of cleaning out the house and begin over again with new stock. Do not use any half way methods in getting rid of it.

A Beautiful Flowering Vine.

Among all the leading flowering vines which embellish the beauty of the summer season, that beautiful introduction from Japan, Clematis paniculata, stands unsurpassed in many respects. Its pure white flowers, given forth in untold abundance, lend a semblance of coolness under the hot, late

CLEMATIS PANICULATA.

summer sun and exhale delicious fragrance around. It is a delightful plant and worthy of all the wide notice it receives. As a climber over a trellis, on the roof of an old shed or outhouse or as a specimen on a pillar, this most popular of clematises is sure to please. Our picture is a very faithful interpretation of the graceful habit of the young growth as well as an exact reproduction of individual flowers, says American Gardening.

Phenomenal Prospect For Peaches.

The prospects of the peach crop June 1 were nothing less than phenomenal, according to the government statistician, almost every important peach growing state reporting a condition far above the average and some even above 100. Among the latter are Delaware, Georgia and North Carolina, whose reports of 106, 110 and 105 are about double their respective ten year averages. Only California, with a condition of 77, or six points below the average, constitutes any noteworthy exception to the long series of highly favorable reports.

How New Strawberries Are Produced

Hybridization has been the favorite method of producing new varieties of strawberries, perhaps because the first successful variety was obtained in this way. Among the recent hybrids may be mentioned the Hunn, which also illustrates the difficulty of systematic breeding, it being the only one deemed worthy of preservation out of about 1,700 hybrid seedlings tested.

GEESE FOR MARKET.

Pointers From 1897 Report of Rhode Island Experiment Station.

Green goslings are never drawn for market.

In picking mongrel geese the tail feathers should be left on the bird.

Young geese should be well fed the night before they are to be killed for market.

Care should be taken not to tear the flesh, as the skin of some goslings is very tender.

Removing the pinfeathers one by one is of course a slow process, but it has to be done that the birds may present a good appearance.

In picking only the salable feathers are put into the box, the wing and tail feathers and soft pinfeathers being thrown upon the floor.

Before packing the goslings should be removed from the barrels of ice water and laid upon boards or benches to allow the water to drain from them.

The room to be used for dressing geese should be provided with a box to receive the feathers at which two pickers can conveniently sit, one on each side.

For killing a stout knife with a double edged blade about four inches long tapering to point something the shape of a dagger blade is commonly used.

A common shoe knife is most convenient for removing pinfeathers and should be kept very sharp, as a razor edge is necessary to do quick and satisfactory work.

The feathers should be picked from the lower third of the neck, leaving about two-thirds of the length of the neck next to the head unpicked. The wing feathers beyond the first joint are also left.

Scalding is seldom practiced where birds are to be shipped and kept for some time before being sold, but where birds are slaughtered for immediate sale in a nearby market the picking is made very easy by scalding. The feathers, however, are of no value.

Practically all the geese sold in Boston and New York markets are dry picked, but for some markets scalding is practiced. In that case the birds are dipped quickly into hot water, sometimes alternating the dipping with cold water, and the birds while moist with the hot water are wrapped tightly for a few moments in cloth. The operation must be carefully done, so that the heat will loosen the feathers and yet not scald the skin so that it will break in picking. Experience is required to perform the operation successfully.

Where birds are scalded all the feathers are removed, including those on the neck and wings left on when the bird is dry picked. This allows the housewife to use the whole neck and wings in cooking, so that the shrinkage in drawing would be a little less from this method of picking than from dry picking.

A Favorite In Belgium.

BLACK BOOTED BANTAM.

The illustration is of a black booted bantam cock. This breed is very popular with the Belgians. The picture is reproduced from Chasse et Peche.

Knowledge Is Necessary.

Can farmers in general and village and town dwellers with available space embark in poultry culture with a reasonable prospect of success? is an everyday question of editors of poultry papers. Prospective teachers have to spend years in study before they can pass the examinations, and only when they are theoretically qualified to teach can they get a certificate permitting them to do so. That is the law or rule made to govern them. Railway postal clerks must pass a civil service examination, and after that they have to study to keep in line with the requirements of the service. Soap manufacturers have to study chemistry. Smelters of ores are practical chemists, and there is no exception to the rule that unless one is versed in his vocation he is handicapped. Every village history records failures in business resulting from a lack of knowledge pertaining to the industry.

A knowledge of hygiene to a certain extent is the foundation of a successful poultryman, and without this knowledge he is groping in the dark. When one has learned the composition of an egg, he can supply the poultry with the necessary elements to produce it.—S. Landon in Reliable Poultry Journal.

Cottonseed Meal as Food.

Cottonseed meal is no substitute for meat, neither is linseed meal, says P. H. Jacobs in American Gardening. Why? Because meat contains none of the fattening elements—carbonaceous—which is not the case with the two vegetable substances. To procure the necessary nitrogen from cottonseed the hen would while appropriating the nitrogen also consume a large proportion of carbon, or fat. But cottonseed meal is excellent, however, and may be fed to chicks or fowls. Add a gill of cottonseed meal to the food of 100 small chicks once a day and the same quantity to the food of six hens. If linseed meal be substituted twice a week, it will be an advantage. No food will take the place of fresh lean meat."

Effect of Fear on Wounds.

The fear of poison in a lacerated wound under certain circumstances is in itself quite sufficient to give a wounded man tetanus, or lockjaw, than which no more horrible complication exists. Thus for a long time it was thought that the natives of the Solomon and other neighboring islands lately added to the empire used poisoned arrows and many white men shot by them died in tetanic convulsions, including one very horrible case of a commander in the navy who had made a special study of tetanus.

At length the French governor of New Caledonia, noticing that the symptoms exhibited were not consistent with the use of any known poison, appointed a medical commission to inquire into the affair, when it was discovered that the arrows of the natives were not poisoned at all, although constructed in such a way that a small piece of the bone point almost always remained in the wound. The irritation produced by this prevented the wound from healing quickly, and the mental disturbance produced by fear and perhaps change of climate did the rest.

It was discovered at the same time that the natives of other islands who firmly believed in the poison theory seldom suffered much inconvenience from the arrow wounds, because they believed that the spells given them by their own sorcerers prevented the poison from taking effect.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Irascible Von Bulow.

During Hans von Bulow's leadership of the orchestra at Hanover a tenor of fame was engaged to play a star role in "Lohengrin," according to Das Neue Blatt, and while the singer was rehearsing his part Bulow was forced to go over the same bars a number of times without the new actor beginning to sing. Tired of his wasted efforts, the leader stopped the orchestra and angrily turned to the singer.

"I know that a tenor is proverbially stupid," he said, "but you seem to make an extensive use of this unwritten law."

At another time, while one of his grand intermezzos was being played with great feeling by his musicians, a peculiar noise, hardly perceptible by untrained ears, annoyed the leader for some little time. At first he thought it resembled the flutter of wings, but soon he discovered an elegant lady fanning herself in one of the boxes close by. Bulow kept on with his gestures, fixing his eyes on the offender in a manner which meant reproof. The lady, not heeding this, was suddenly surprised by the leader dropping his stick and turning toward her.

"Madam!" he cried, "if fan you must, please at least keep time with your infernal nuisance."

Too Much For the Tiger.

A keeper at the Philadelphia zoo told the following interesting story of an encounter he once had with a tiger in India:

"With several companions I was on my way to visit some native friends in a neighboring village, and as the jungle paths were the shortest route we made the trip in chairs slung on carriers' shoulders. I was about half asleep from the swinging motion when I was pitched out by the native dropping the poles and scampering off. That's how I met my tiger. With a bound he was on me and had taken a mouthful of my coat, intending, no doubt, to carry me into the dense undergrowth.

"Fortunately for me I had a big bottle of ammonia in my coat pocket, carried it for snake bites, you know, and when the brute took the mouthful he broke the bottle. The whiff he got made his whiskers curl, and one was enough. He rolled over a couple of times, gasping and waving his paws, and then made off as quickly as he appeared. Hurt? No, only a few bruises from the fall, but the close shave took my nerves for some months."

Cycling In Normandy.

The roads in Normandy are splendid for cycling, the only disadvantage being that the straightness of many main routes hides the beauty of the country, for which reason it is often a good plan, when time is not an object, to pick out the byways on the map. This is the easier because not only are the byways excellently kept, but the name of a French village is plainly written up, and one does not have ridiculous difficulty, as sometimes in England, in finding out where one is. Signposts and milestones are abundant, and the decimal system renders them perfectly simple and exact. – "Highways and Byways In Normandy," by Dearmer.

An Impromptu Ring.

A marriage ceremony was performed in Toronto recently, with a substitute for the ring which, though odd and amusing, was appropriate for the occasion. The couple went over from the American side of the St. Lawrence river, but forgot to take a ring. As there was no ring to be had in the house the resourceful clergyman sent for his wife's sewing scissors and, with the finger clasp, completed the ceremony.

Drinks and Thirst.

It is a mistake to suppose that cold drinks are necessary to relieve thirst. Very cold drinks, as a rule, increase the feverish condition of the mouth and stomach and so create thirst. Experience shows it to be a fact that hot drinks relieve thirst and "cool off the body when it is in an abnormally heated condition better than ice cold drinks."

Saturday, Sunday and Monday are the favorite days in the week for marriage—Sunday in rural districts and Saturday in towns. Sunday weddings seem to be generally less numerous than they were, while the number which take place on Saturday are greatly on the increase.

The Future of Our Legs.

Professor Yung of the University of Genf, Switzerland, entertains great fears concerning the future of our lower limbs. This sage is of the opinion that within the next thousand years human beings will have forgotten how to use their legs, and that these limbs, if evolution will not do away with them, will serve as mere ornaments to the rest of the body.

Professor Yung states that at the present age human beings show a decided aversion to personal or physical locomotion, and this is more manifest every time a new automatic traveling instrument is invented and rendered practical. Steam, electricity, cable power and the different velocipede machines all bear an influence over us and create a dislike for walking, and the future generations will likely have the convenience of steerable airships at their windows and electric automobiles at their doors, and these conveyances will be so cheap that almost every one can own them, and this means the doom of our legs.

The latter will be regarded as superfluous appendages, no use will be made of them, and who knows but that they may disappear altogether? But so much more will our arms develop in length and strength. These are the cruel laws of evolution, and it will be due to their pranks that future generations will again resemble the apes. There will come another epoch of short legs and long arms.

Complied With the Law.

"A certain well known Mobile lawyer, who was lame and had something of a reputation as a fighter," said a southern gentleman, "was at one time attorney in a suit that caused much ill feeling. He won the suit for his client, and the loser vowed vengeance. 'In pursuance of that same,' in the language of Truthful James, he one day went into the lawyer's office and subjected him to a tirade of abuse that would have caused a salt water captain to die from pure envy, such was his talent in vituperation.

"The lawyer answered him nothing to the surprise of two or three men who were present, but, getting out of his chair, began to hobble backward. His enemy, thinking he was retreating, followed him up, with more abuse and threatening gestures.

"The lawyer's foot finally struck against the wall, when he suddenly straightened up and saying, 'Gentlemen, I call on you to witness that, on account of this wall, I have retreated as far as possible' (the general law of homicide), drew out a derringer and shot his opponent.

"At the trial he was acquitted, his witnesses being the men present at the time of the killing, who testified to the lawyer's having retreated as far as possible."—New York Tribune.

A Cold Night In Canada.

The sky at night is a deep dark blue, and the stars are like dropping balls of fire, so close they seem to be almost within reach. The northern lights look as if a titanic paint brush had been dipped in phosphorescent flame and drawn in great, bold strokes across the heavens.

As you pass the electric lamps you see very fine particles of snow caught up by the wind and glittering high in the air like diamonds. But it is a cold night, and you are not sorry to get into your room. First of all, you take a blanket or so from the bed, for there are people in Canada who sleep all the year round with only a sheet over them, to such a pitch of perfection have they brought the heating of their rooms.

After you have tucked yourself in the stillness of the night is broken occasionally by a report like a cannon. Have you ever been inside a bathing machine when a mischievous boy threw a stone at it? And, if so, do you remember how you jumped? When the walls of a wooden house crack in the bitter cold, the effect is similar, only magnified. But you know what it means here, so you only draw the clothes closer round you, thankful that you are snug and warm. And so good night.—Blackwood's.

Always Face the Engine.

In his prime the late Mr. John Cook, the great tourist agent, was a man of iron frame. But when years of railway traveling, which averaged annually some 40,000 miles, produced certain alarming symptoms, he made a discovery that may be worth giving to the public. He found that the threatened trouble, something spinal, disappeared when he no longer sat with his back to the engine. He always thereafter faced it, and that the principle is sound will be borne out by others whom he advised to do the same. All who are called upon to do much railway traveling will be wise to sit "facing the horses."

Reason For Hate.

Mr. Verirash Talker (who did not catch the name of his partner)—You see that man behind me. Well, if there's one man in this world that I hate, he's the one.

His Partner (in surprise)—Why, that's my husband!

Mr. Verirash Talker (quickly)—Yes, of course—that's why I hate him, lucky dog!—London Fun.

No Encouragement.

Mrs. Short—Oh, dear, I do wish we were rich! Just think of the good we could do if we only had lots of money!

Mr. Short—True, my dear, but we can do a great deal of good in a quiet way now.

Mrs. Short—Yes, of course, but no one will ever hear of it.—Chicago News.

The Butter She Wanted.

New Wife—I wish to get some butter, please.

Dealer—Roll butter, ma'am?

New Wife—No; we wish to eat it on biscuits.—Chicago News.

The Place of the Duel.

Mrs. Minnie Walter Myers, in her "Romance and Realism of the Southern Gulf Coast," gives an account of one of the last challenges to a duel which occurred in Louisiana. The affair was between M. Marigny, who belonged to one of the oldest families of Louisiana, and a Mr. Humble, a sturdy ex-blacksmith of Georgia, who had become a man of political consequence.

M. Marigny took offense at some remarks of the Georgian and sent him a challenge. The big ex-blacksmith was surprised.

"I know nothing about this dueling business," he said. "I will not fight him."

"You must," said his friend. "No gentleman can refuse."

"I am not a gentleman," replied the honest son of Georgia. "I am only a blacksmith."

"But you will be ruined if you do not fight," urged his friends. "You will have the choice of weapons, and you can choose so as to give yourself an equal chance with your adversary."

The giant asked time in which to consider the question and ended by accepting. He sent the following reply to M. Marigny:

"I accept, and in the exercise of my privilege, I stipulate that the duel shall take place in Lake Pontchartrain, in six feet of water, sledge hammers to be used as weapons."

M. Marigny was about five feet, eight inches in height, and his adversary was seven feet. The conceit of the Georgian so pleased M. Marigny, who could appreciate a joke as well as perpetrate one, that he declared himself satisfied, and the duel did not take place.

Some Queer Definitions.

Bailey's Universal Etymological Dictionary, with the subtitle, "An Interpreter of Hard Words," was first published in London in 1721. Most of its definitions are eccentric, and some of them incredibly so. Here are specimens plucked at random:

Man.—A creature endowed with reason.

Thunder.—A noise known by persons not deaf.

Lightning.—A meteor.

A Rainbow.—A meteor of divers colors.

Weapon Salve.—A sort of ointment which is said to cure a wound by being applied to the sword or other weapon that made the wound.

Balloon.—A football; also a great ball with which noblemen and princes use to play.

Cow.—A beast well known.

Milk.—A food well known.

Peacock.—A fine bird.

Elephant.—The biggest, strongest and most intelligent of all four footed beasts.

Medlar.—A fruit which is grateful to the stomach, but is not ripe till it be rotten.

Snow.—A meteor well known in northerly and southerly climates, especially beyond the tropics.

Mouth.—Part of the body of a living creature.

Eye.—An instrument of sight.

Paderewski the Deceiver.

This is how a Kansas newspaper man criticised Paderewski:

"We heard the Polander Paderewski play the piano in Convention hall, Kansas City. The fellow is deceitful. He makes you think all the time he is going to play a tune, but he never does. He flirts all around a tune, but never touches it. His hair looks like a wig, but it isn't. He deceives you in a hundred ways. He makes the sweetest sounds you ever heard that were not a tune. He has his piano so trained that the doggone thing will keep right on playing when he is not touching it. He reaches out slowly and strokes it, drawing back his elbows like a man brushing a girl's hair. You see the moonlight, and you're there with your girl, but somehow she doesn't love you. You know the sorrow of that, and that's why we don't like Paderewski. We wouldn't go to hear him again, but we wouldn't take $100 for what we heard at Convention hall."

The Tower of Famine.

The Torre della Fame, or Tower of Famine, was noted for its grewsome history. It once stood in Pisa, Italy, but there are now no traces of it. Count Ugolino della Gherardscha, whom Dante immortalized, was the head of the Guelphs, and because of his tyranny and accredited attempts to place his country in bondage he was antagonized and finally conquered by the chief of the Ghibellines, who imprisoned him, with his two sons and two grandsons. In this tower, the slow method of starvation being employed as the manner of their death. The door of the tower was locked and the keys thrown into the Arno.

Musical Fish.

Many fish can produce musical sounds. The trigla can produce long drawn notes ranging over nearly an octave. Others, notably two species of ophidum, have sound producing apparatus, consisting of small movable bones, which can be made to produce a sharp rattle. The curious "drumming" made by the species called umbrinas can be heard from a depth of 20 fathoms.

To Hide It.

Hewitt—What are you raising whiskers for?

Jewett—Well, I don't mind telling you that I am wearing a necktie my wife gave me.—Harper's Bazar.

We are all inventors, each sailing out on a voyage of discovery, guided each by a private chart of which there is no duplicate. The world is all gates, all opportunities, strings of tension waiting to be struck.

In London there is nearly an hour less daylight at midsummer than in Glasgow.

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W R. Stammers,
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SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR,
Sonoma, California.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1900.

The Semi-Centenial Celebration.

The festivities of the great celebration started Saturday with the launching of the Wyoming but its greatest feature and the one which attracted some 150,000 visitors to San Francisco was Monday's parade.

Long before the time announced for the parade to start Market street was lined with an expectant crowd.

At 10 o'clock Market street was jammed and to move about was difficult. Suddenly a murmer ran through the impatient throng that the parade was in motion and might be expected soon. It finally appeared headed by a band following which was an interminable array of fighting men, regular and amateur. Then came carriages containing our lately shaven Governor Henry T. Gage, Gov. Richardson of Idaho, Mayor Phelan of San Francisco and high National Guard officers resplendent with gold braided uniforms. Following these were more military and naval soldiery.

The Third artillery was an imposing sight to look upon as they marched by in perfect order and in full dress uniform. After these came the ancient firemen who had fought fires in the early days. On the grizzled faces of these "Vets," as they are wont to be called, one could discern a look of happiness and satisfaction as they looded back upon the fifty years of California's rapid progress. After these came the red shirted firemen of today.

From this division on the procession was a mass of color intersperced here and there were companies of carriages bearing the aged pioneers or high officials of the Native Sons, or solitary gentlemen whose part in California's history was indicated by placards turned to the expectant crowds.

Occasionally an automobile puffed by embowered in flowers. Now and again floats of quaint design passed ladened with a cargo of pretty young ladies dressed in airy costumes.

The procession was nearly four hours in passing one place. As the aged pioneers passed one could hardly believe that they were the vanguard that had made possible the California of today. It was as though a man who accompanied Aneas to Rome could have lived to witness the glory of the court of Nero.

After the parade the people were at liberty to visit the different parlors and partake of their cheer. In the evening the deeds of California were recited in story and sung. The paraders were banqueted and everybody had a good time.

The police had little trouble in keeping the crowd on the sidewalks as just before the parade wire cables were stretched waist high along the streets where the line of march passed. On the whole the crowd was very orderly considering its size and the many elements which composed it.

Endured Death's Agonies

Only a roaring fire enabled J. M. Garrettson, of San Antonio, Tex., to lie down when attacked by asthma, from which he suffered for years. He writes that his misery was often so great that it seemed he endured the agonies of death; but Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, wholly cured him. This marvelous medicine is the only known cure for asthma as well as consumption, coughs and colds, and all throat, chest and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed. Trial bottles free a Wegner's drug store.

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

GLEN ELLEN JOTTINGS.

Seen and Heard in the Summer Resort.

Delegates Weise and Martens who attended the Republican convention at Santa Rosa Saturday returned home the same day.

J. Chauvet and J. Wegner donated some of their fine wines to the Sonoma county parlors for use at their headquarters during the semi-centennial celebration at San Francisco. These gentlemen came in for high praise on the excellent quality of their wines from all who had the good fortune to partake of them.

Miss Mary Lafferty who has been quite ill the past few weeks is slightly improved.

J. W. Wood our popular blacksmith was taken quite ill in San Francisco last Saturday. He is now under medical treatment at that place. His many friends wish him a speedy recovery and an early return.

M. F. Turley (everybody knows Mike) has temporarily taken the place of our Woods as the village smithy.

The Toscano hotel addition has been commenced. Gibson and Sutherland our local carpenters are doing the work.

David Schieck has been quite ill with lagrippe. He is at this time much improved.

Quite a shower of rain fell here last Monday night settling the dust and purifying the atmosphere.

The wine makers in our vicinity are preparing for the coming vintage. The yield will be quite large and the grapes are of excellent quality and flavor.

At the meeting of the Glen Ellen Grange held last Friday Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Sutherland were elected delegates to the meeting of the State Grange to be held at Los Gatos commencing October 2nd. Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Zane were elected alternates.

Mrs. Miller of El Verano Accidently Takes the Wrong Bottle

Mrs. M. Miller, wife of the El Verano barber, is lying seriously ill at her home as the result of a mistake. Wednesday morning she took a bottle that was supposed to contain citrate of magnesia and took a swallow when to her horror she found she had made a mistake and had taken a swallow of amonia. Dr. Davis was summoned and soon had his patient out of danger though her mouth, tongue and stomach are painfully burned.

The amonia was purchased from druggist Wegner who claims that amonia was called for and properly labeled as such while Mr. Miller and family are quite as confident that citrate of magnesia was called for.

The Tax Rate Fixed

Thursday night the Board of Trustees met to fix the tax rate for the coming year. The entire board was present. The rate fixed is fifty-five cents on the hundred dollars. The board is going to try to run the city on a thirty cent basis and the remaining twenty-five cents is to constitute a sinking fund for the city hall. The board at last sees the need of fixing up the city hall.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Ed. Wegner Druggist.

Shooting Notices.

We have a lot of notices to hunters printed on cloth, which we are selling quite reasonable.

Closing out prices at the Racket Store.

For Sale—At a bargain several stands of bees and a first-class milch cow. Enquire of N. S. Buckner.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SHELLVILLE PENNINGS.

Late Happenings in our Little Burg

Miss Alice Bryant went to Santa Rosa Friday evening to visit home folk.

Miss Zarifa Howe and Miss Burke took Saturday morning's train tor the metropolis.

Chas. Ohm attended the Republican convention in Santa Rosa Saturday which put Mr. Putnam in nomination for supervisor of this district.

A large number of Shellville people attended the celebration in San Francisco the first of the week.

M. P. Akers has received a communication from the Postmaster General stating that our office will not be discontinued on account of the rural delivery. This undoubtedly will set at rest all talk about the closing of this office.

Dan Dugan was in Santa Rosa Sunday.

A party from San Francisco who spent Sunday at Locast Grove, were thrown from the wagon Monday morning while being conveyed to the station. The mishap was caused by one of the front wheels running off and letting the wagon down rather suddenly. No damage resulted however.

Steve Akers left Monday afternoon for San Francisco from which port he sailed Tuesday for Honolulu. His many friends are sorry to loose him from our midst but wish for him the best of success.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Johannsen visited in Shellville Monday afternoon.

Wm. Helberg is building a house on his place near Shellville.

Mr. W. Hall and Mrs. Stilwell of Petaluma were entertained at the Lawlor residence Sunday.

Miss Margaret Harper is visiting in San Francisco.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co.,
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Voters! don't delay to register. Wednesday, September 26, the registration will close. There are still some 2000 men in the county eligable to vote who have not registered.

Preaching services in the Methodist church Sunday Sept. 16th at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. E. E. Thompson will preach in the morning and Prof. Benj. Weed will lecture in the evening on "The Situation in China." All are cordially invited.

Henry Pearce, Pastor.

The terrible storm which swept Galveston and other towns of Texas is reported to have killed some 10,000 persons. The suffering of the living who were rendered homeless is something appalling. Assistance has been asked for from all over the country and it is being quickly and liberally answered. Sonoma is getting up a contribution and those feeling inclined to help the sufferers can give their money to Mr. Appleton who has the matter in charge.

Editor's Awful Plight

F. M. Higgins, editor Seneca, (Ill.,) News, was afflicted for years with piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world. He writes; two boxes wholly cured him. Infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by Ed. Wegner, druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE AIR WE BREATHE.

An Average of One Cubic Foot Consumed Every Two Minutes.

"Man wants but little here below" is an axiom which applies markedly to the quantity of air which is necessary to support life. It is estimated that when a man is at rest he consumes 500 cubic inches of air every minute, an allowance which at the first glance appears large.

It is, however, absurdly small when we consider that at this rate of consumption it would take a man 5 days and 9½ hours to exhaust the air in a small room 15 feet square and 10 feet high.

Any form of exertion, however, greatly increases the consumption of air. Thus if we saunter at two miles an hour we require just twice as much air as when sitting in our armchair, and at four miles an hour nothing less than 2,300 cubic inches will satisfy us.

Taking an average consumption throughout life of one cubic foot of air every two minutes, we reach some very interesting conclusions. Thus an hour's supply of air could be contained in a trunk 5 feet long, 3 feet wide and 2 feet deep.

In a day we should exhaust a small roomful, 10 feet long, 7 feet wide and 10 feet high.

For a year's supply we should require a reservoir or hall 100 feet square and a shade over 26 feet high, and the supply for a long life of 80 years would be contained in a large hall 1,000 feet long, 500 feet wide and 42 feet high.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Not a Question of Ownership.

President Eliot of Harvard told this story at a dinner:

"A friend of mine, a college professor, went into a crowded restaurant in New York city for luncheon one hot day last summer. The negro in charge of the big corridor where the hat shelves stood was an intelligent looking fellow, and his bow and smile were not of the obsequious, stupid kind so often affected by colored waiters and doormen in hotels. He took my friend's hat and gave no check for it in return. An hour later, when the professor came out of the dining room, the negro glanced at him in a comprehensive way, turned to the shelves and handed him his hat.

"My friend is a man who prides himself on his powers of observation, and the negro's ability to remember to whom each article of clothing belonged struck him as being something very wonderful.

"'How did you know this was my hat?' he asked.

"'I didn't know it, sah,' was the reply.

"'Then why did you give it to me?' the professor persisted.

"'Because you gave it to me, sah.'"
—Boston Journal.

The Countess of Ayr.

At a dance in the country a gilded youth from town was complaining that there was nobody fit to dance with.

"Shall I introduce you to that young lady over there?" asked his hostess. "She is the daughter of the Countess of Ayr."

Delighted, the young man assented, and, after waltzing with the fair scion of a noble house, ventured to ask after her mother, the Countess of Ayr.

"My father, you mean," said the girl.

"No, no, no," said the bewildered youth. "I was asking after your mother, the Countess of Ayr."

"Yes," was the reply, "but that's my father."

Utterly at a loss, the young man rushed off in search of his hostess and said the girl she had made him dance with was "quite mad; told him the Countess of Ayr was her father."

"So he is," answered the lady of the house. "Let me introduce you to him. Mr. So-and-so, Mr. Smith, the county surveyor."—London Chronicle.

Muscles of the Mouth.

An elastic play of the muscles of the mouth is necessary, not only for distinct utterance, but for expression of the face as well. Next to the eyes, the mouth has the greatest significance in the play of the features. When all the muscles of the mouth are in normal tension, the line of the mouth is waving and beautiful. In singing and speaking, as well as in repose, all undue tension of the muscles must be guarded against, else the mouth may assume a forced and strained expression.

Her Figure.

She—I can't understand what he saw in her. Her face is decidedly plain.

He—Yes, but then the figure she has made up for all the—

She—Figure! Why, she's painfully scrawny. She hasn't any figure at all.

He—You're mistaken. She has six, and the first one is a 5.—Philadelphia Press.

An orange hit in the exact center by a rifle ball will vanish at once from sight, scattered into infinitesimal pieces.

J. P. LOUNIBOS, Prop.

BELLEVUE HOTEL

EL VERANO, CAL.

Hot Mineral Baths Near by.

TERMS, $5.00 per week and upwards.

El Verano Villa

Mrs. A. Nevraemont & Co. Prop.

Rates: $5. per week. Children according to age.

This resort is particularly adapted to supply all acccommodations for families.

EL VERANO, SONOMA CO. CAL.

The Bravery of Woman

Was grandly shown by Mrs. John Dowling of Butler, Pa., in a three year's struggle with a malignant stomach trouble that caused distressing attacks of nausea and indigestion. All remedies failed to relieve her until she tried Electric Betters. After taking it two months she wrote: "I am now wholly cured and can eat anything. It is truly a grand tonic for the whole system as I gained in weight and feel much stronger since using it." It aids digestion, cures dyspepsia, improves appetite, gives new life. Only 50c. Guaranteed at Wegner's drug store.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Hobarta Sarah Merlin-jones, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Hobarta Sarah Merlin-jones, deceased to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at the law office of A. B. Ware in the Doyle & Overton Co. Building in the City of Santa Rosa, California, the same being his place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the county of Sonoma, State of California.

LEOPOLD W. JUSTI,
Administrator of the Estate of Hobarta Sarah Merlin-jones, Deceased.
Dated at Santa Rosa, Cal., August 21st, 1900.
A. B. Ware, Attorney for Administrator.

REGISTRATION!
NOTICE TO VOTERS

All voters of Sonoma County who have not been registered since January 1st, 1900, must in order to vote at any election, be registered by the County Clerk or a Deputy.

All naturalized citizens applying to be registered must present their naturalization papers, or make affidavits as to the loss thereof.

Registration for the next General Election on November 6th, will close on

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1900.

Transfers from one precinct to another in this County will close on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1900.

All persons foreign born, intending to become citizens, should be naturalized on or before

AUGUST 8, 1900,

to be entitled to vote at the November election.

For the convenience of electors of the County, I have appointed deputies for registration in the various election precincts.

SOMERS B. FULTON.
June 2f, 1900. County Clerk.

Notice of Time and Place for Proving Will

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT IN AND FOR the County of Sonoma, State of California. In the matter of the estate of KUNIGUNDA NAU, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Tuesday, the 4th day of September, A. D., 1900 at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, and the court room of said Superior court, in Department One thereof, in the City of Santa Rosa, County of Sonoma, State of California, is hereby fixed and appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said Kunigunda Nau, deceased, and for the hearing by the Court of the application of William Edward Goethe, for the issuance to him of letters of administration with the will annexed thereon.

Dated August 14th, A. D., 1900.

{SEAL} SOMERS B. FULTON, Clerk,
By R. L. Thompson, Deputy Clerk.
R. A. Poppe Esq., Attorney for petitioner.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Congregational Church

Rev. Chas. D Milliken, Pastor. Services: Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. service at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesdays at 2:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor meeting, Friday's at 3:15 p. m. Ladies' Aid Society and Missionary Society meet the 2nd Tuesday of each month

Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. Henry Pearce, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10. a. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. on Sunday.

Catholic Church.

Rev. W. P. Quill Rector. Mass: Sundays, 8:30 a. m. and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9:45. Week days 7:30 a. m.

LODGE NOTICES

F & A M

Temple Lodge No. 14 meets in the Masonic Hall on the Tuesday evening on or preceeding the full moon of each month.

I O O F

Sonoma Lodge, No. 28 meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening at 7:30 p. m

Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 99 meets in Odd Fellows hall on the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month.

O E S

Valley Of The Moon Chapter, No. 85, meets in the Masonic hall on the Thursday evening on or preceeding the full moon of each month.

Y M I

No 45 meets the first Wednesday evenings in each month in Odd Fellows' hall.

H O U W

Pueblo Lodge No. 168 meets every 1st and 4th Tuesday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows hall.

O O F

Sonoma Vineyard Council, No. 162 meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' hall.

N S G W

Sonoma Parlor, No, 111 meets on the first Monday Evening of each month at Odd Fellows' hall.

U A O D

Sonoma Grove No. 75 meets on the first and third Friday in each month at Odd Fellows hall.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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FOURTH
AGRICULTURAL
DISTRICT FAIR
Sonoma and Marin Counties
AT
SANTA ROSA
TO BE HELD
One Week = October 8th to 13th

$3,000 In Premiums

Free Street Fair
Grand Stock Parade Every Day
Great Poultry and Belgian Hare Show

Four Days Running Race.

Band Concerts, Attractions and Entertainments in endless variety.
Creamery, Art and Liberal Arts, Agricultural, Horticultural, Viticultural and Mineral Displays.

Special railroad rates to Exhibitors and Visitors. For further particulars and Premium List apply to

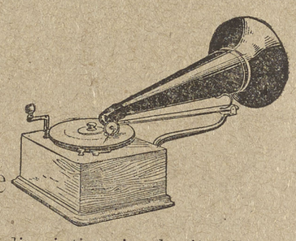
ALLEN B. LEMMON, Secretary. J. P. OVERTON, President.

A Full Line of
SHOES and
CLOTHING
AT **SONOMA SHOE STORE**
Chas. Dal Poggetto, Prop.
NAPA ST. SONOMA, CAL

The Vitaphone

Is the latest in talking machines it uses a paper disc record

Prices $18.00 Complete



This Machine Is Better Than The Best

Send for disciptive circular it will interest you.

KOHLER & CHASE, San Francisco, Cal.
Pacific Coast Agents.

GEORGE BAUER GUITARS and MANDOLINS
Unsurpassed as musical Instruments—Improve with Age and Use.
S. S. Stwart Banjoes
Have a world-wide renown as the finest product.
Sold at Factory Prices in San Francisco
SHERMAN, CLAY & CO.,
Agents for Steinway Pianos, Estey Organs Etc., San Francisco.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

California Northwestern Railway Company

LESSEE OF
SAN FRANCISCO & NORTH PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Official Time Table.

Leaves Sonoma		From Apr. 15, '00	Arrive Sonoma	
W'k days	Sundays	Destination	Sundays	W'k days
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	S. F., S. Rafael	10.25 a. m.	10.03 a. m.
3.37 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
10.03 a. m.	10.25 a. m.	Glen Ellen	6.40 a. m.	6.18 a. m.
7.20 p. m.	7.15 p' m	intermediates	3.37 p. m.	3.37 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Petalu. S. Rosa	10.25 a. m.	10.03 a. m.
3.37 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	C'v'le H'ldsb'rg		10.03 a. m.
3.37 p. m.		intermediates.	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Ukiah and		
3.37 p. m.		intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Sebastapol and	10.25 a. m.	10.03 a. m.
3.37 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Guerneville and		10.03 a. m.
3.37 p. m.		intermediates.	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.

H. C. Whiting, GENERAL MANAGER.
R. X. Ryan, GEN. PASS. AGENT.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

LATE HAPPENINGS IN OUR COMMUNITY.

Viewings of the Valley Taken at Random.

Miss Flora Levy is the guest of Miss Eda Gillan this week.

Clarence Cheney transacted business in the bay city yesterday.

Wm. Gilbert was spending a few days visiting his father the first of the week.

Wednesday evening badges were distributed among the members of the Fire company.

Station Agent Reed sold about one hundred excursion tickets between Saturday and Monday.

Next Monday the board of Supervisors will meet and fix the tax levy according to law for the coming year.

Dr. Attwood of Cloverdale was in town Wednesday and Thursday shaking hands with his many old-time friends.

T. J. McGimsey returned from Humboldt county Tuesday evening where he had been on a short visit to his old home.

Among the visitors to Sonoma Sunday were R. E. Perkins, Geo. Bulotti and Jep Valenti. Jep will remain with us for several weeks.

Ah Jim, a trusty Chinaman who had been employed on the Gundlach farm for many years, died in San Francisco yesterday.

Mr. Cantoni arrived here from Switzerland Thursday evening on a visit to his son Romio, the former proprietor of the French Bakery.

Miss Bertha Campbell returned home Wednesday evening after an extended visit in San Francisco and the southern part of the state.

M. F. Turley was in town Saturday and Sunday. He has just returned from Duncan's mills where he has been employed the past five months.

Mrs. Rowden and her two children and Elmer Burland returned to their homes in Visalia Tuesday after a plesant visit with Mr. and Mrs. Steuben.

Tom Jones, manager of the J. B. Chase Stock farm has had a one mile exercising course laid out on the Buena Vista tract for the training and exercising of the thoroughbreds of the farm.

E. J. Mullin assistant secretary and manager of the fair to be held at Santa Rosa was the first station agent for the Donahue railroad in Sonoma. Mr. Mullin's old friends here are glad to hear that he is getting along all right.

Mrs. H. C. Culberson has returned home after a three weeks visit with her daughter. Mrs. G. E. Searcy of Keswick, the great smelter town of Shasta county. While absent she visited several of the many gold mines located in that vicinity.

The Republican club did not hold its regular weekly meeting last Monday night owing to the absence of many of its members who were attending the celebration. The program which was prepared will be rendered at the meeting next Monday night.

Marshal Albertson has moved his office from the Litzus building to the Adler building. This change will make it more convenient for people wishing to see the Marshal. He has not tacked up his sign yet but it will probably be "Police Headquarters."

It will pay you to buy groceries and provisions at the Racket Store, as you can save at least 10% by so doing.

According to the Bakersfield Californian the Supervisors of Kern county have acceded to the request of the Southwest Miners' Association and will erect sign boards on the desert for the guidance of travelers. The miners represent that persons are frequently lost on the desert and die of starvation and thirst, and that the fear of such a death has prevented a thorough exploration of the region of mineral deposits. In the opinion of the association the placing of sign boards will help lead to the discovery of many mines.

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

Rousing Speeches by Prominent Republicans. Putnam and Latimer are Named as Candidates.

A large and enthusiastic body of representative citizens assembled at Armory hall, Santa Rosa, last Saturday morning to attend the Republican county convention.

At 11:30 the convention was called to order by Chairman L. V. Hitchcock of the County Central committee with a few stirring remarks. The chairman brought out several excellent points which greatly enthused the assemblage. He then called for the election of temporary officers.

E. F. Woodward was elected temporary chairman and after being escorted to the platform addressed the meeting with brief but well chosen remarks. J. E. Olmsted of the Petaluma Argus was elected secretary by acclamation and F. W. Cook of the Healdsburg Tribune was chosen assistant secretary.

On motion the chairman was instructed to appoint the following committees: Credentials, permanent organization and order of business, and platform and resolutions, each committee to consist of seven members.

The committes appointed were as follows: Credentials—A. W. Garratt, T. B. Wilson, J. Q. Winder, S. W. Collister, David Robinson, E. D. Sweetser, H. A. Richardson.

Permanent Organization and Order of Business—H. G. Hahman, C. F. Carr, J. M. Cheney, H. H. McKoon, Victor Piezzi, H. G. Maxwell.

Platform and Resolutions—C. H. Adams, J. R. Denman, F. W. Cooke H. M. LeBaron, Lyman Green, W. E. Woolsey, Anthony McPeak.

Judson Brusie of Sacramento was introduced by the Chairman and was enthusiastically welcomed.

Mr. Brusie opened his address with a plea for harmony in the ranks of the Republican party. He declared there never was a time in the nation's history when the need for harmonious and united work was greater. The speaker said, "We must stand together, shoulder to shoulder and show a united and bold front to the enemy."

Mr. Brusie warned his hearers against overconfidence. "We were over confident in 1892," said the speaker, "and the country was swept by Clevelandism. We are apt to be over confident in this campaign. We are apt to place too much confidence in our fellow man, and neglect those little duties that go to make up the big ones and secure the election of our candidates. We do not want the history of 1892 repeated. We must go to work at once. There are trenches to be dug, forces to be drilled, pickets placed and general and thorough plans made for the coming battle."

The speaker touched but briefly upon the real issues of the campaign. However, every mention of McKinley and Roosevelt brought storms of applause. He spoke of Duncan McKinley as "a stalwart son of old Sonoma who is planting seeds of Republicanism in eloquent words throughout the state." This statement brought a rousing applause.

Mr. Brusie turning to Hon. J. A. Barham and the congressional nominee Frank L. Coombs, who occupied seats on the platform, paid a glowing tribute to the former, and uttered a prophesy that the latter "will not only be elected but will return to his people as greatly admired, loved and esteemed as is Judge Barham."

As Mr. Brusie concluded his address the assembled delegates and spectators waved their hats and gave three rousing cheers for the gentleman from the capitol.

The audience, at the conclusion of Mr. Brusie's address, repeatedly called for Mr. Coombs to give a speech. Chairman Woodward arose and announced that as the dinner hour had arrived Mr. Coombs would address the convention at the afternoon session of the convention.

At 1:45 o'clock the convention reconvened and Chas. Orr favored the assemblage with another of his original campaign songs and was enthusiastically cheered at the conclusion.

Congressman J. A. Barham was next introduced by the chairman. The old gentleman arose among applauses that continued long and loud. As soon as the Judge could make himself heard he gave expression to a few pleasant remarks and introduced Frank L. Coombs as his successor in congress.

Mr. Coombs was given a very cordial welcome when he arose before the convention. He remarked that he did not feel he was a stranger. When a boy that he had on many occasions ridden over the land now occupied by many homes between Santa Rosa and Napa. Mr. Coombs spoke very briefly but entertainingly and promised to address the citizens of Santa Rosa at a later date, when he should have more time to talk.

The reports of the committees on Credentials and Permanent Organization and Order of Business were adopted as read.

The committee on Platform and Resolutions reported as follows:

"The Republicans of Sonoma county through their representatives in convention assembled, make these declarations:

"We heartily endorse the Republican National and State platforms, adopted at Philadelphia and Santa Cruz, and commend the principles therein set forth, as a safe medium through which to maintain the present satisfactory industrial conditions of the country with assurance of continued progress in the avenues of business, to the mutual advantage of the employer and the employe.

"We indorse the administration of President William McKinley, which has given, at home and abroad, a feeling of confidence, by reason of which the industries of the country have been renewed and the influence of the American nation extended over the whole world.

"We rejoice in the nomination of those two representative American statesmen, William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt, whose patriotism, loyalty and ability have been so thoroughly tested in the past, and whose watchword has been 'progress and prosperity.'

"We refer with gratitude to the course in congress pursued by the Hon. John A. Barham, and especially do we indorse his excellent work in securing the passage of the Nicaragua canal bill through the house, with assurance of its early passage by the senate, and approval by the president. We indorse the nomination of the Hon. Frank L. Coombs as an able and worthy successor to our esteemed fellow citizen in the national congress.

"We approve the valuable services rendered by the Hon. H. M. LeBaron, Republican assemblyman for the sixteenth district, in the legislature of our state.

"We approve the course of the Republican members of the board of Supervisors have taken in the past. Their constant attention to the interests of the people and to the duties pertaining to their office, has given general satisfaction to their constituents.

"We advocate the continued improvement of the roads, in all parts of the county, and also the extension of the sprinkling system. Good roads must come largely through the efforts of the supervisors. The candidates of the Republican party are all pledged to use their best endeavors to push forward the work of improvement without increasing the burdens of the people by an unjust tax.

"We believe that 'the laborer is worthy of his hire,' and that a fair remunerration should be paid for a fair day's work."

The following named gentlemen were selected as members of the County Central committee from the various precincts in our township: Agua Caliente, H. G. Maxwell; Glen Ellen, J. H. Weise; San Luis, Chas. H. Ohm; Sonoma, J. M. Cheney. Chas. H. Ohm was also elected as a member of the executive committee.

H. N. N. Latimer was nominated as candidate for the assembly. T. C. Putnam, was nominated for re-election as supervisor of this district.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Miss Stella Johnson Becomes the Bride of Frank W. Weems

The wedding of Frank W. Weems to Miss Stella Johnson was solemized in San Francisco Wednesday afternoon at the home of Rev. Joseph Wooster. Both the contracting parties are well known to all the young people of this valley and among whom they have a large circle of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Garrison and Mrs. M. A. Johnson were the only witnesses of the pretty ceremony.

The newly wedded couple left Thursday morning for Kern City where they will make their home. Mr. Weems has a good situation with the S. P. company of that place.

We join the many friends in extending congratulations.

A Powder Mill Explosion

Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. No need to dynamite your body when Dr. King's New Life Pills do the work so easily and perfect. Cures headache, constipation. Only 25c at Wegner's drug store.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Coming Our Way!

The Shoe Trade

This shoe section of ours is busy and as a result we have on hand a number of broken sizes in

Ladies Shoes and Ties

Eighty Pairs Style Going Out

Prices Butchered

BARGAINS! True bargains, is what you will say when you see these shoes TO FIT YOUR FEET selling at prices that mean your gain, our loss. Some price hints for your guidance. Prices tumble like this:

$3.00 shoes at	$2.00
2.50 " "	1.50
1.75 " "	1.00
1.75 ties at	1.25
1.50 " "	1.00
1.25 " "	.75
1.00 " "	.50

Surely a great economical occasion.

G H HOTZ

EL VERANO LOCALS

Items Gathered by Observation and Hearsay.

Some twenty of our towns people attended the Native Son's celebration in San Francisco.

Emmet Mullin took a trip to Vallejo Sunday.

Ida O'Connor, after spending the summer at the home of Ed. Dowdall, returned to her home in Petaluma Thursday afternoon.

Key Campbell went down to Mare Island the first of the week to enlist in the navy.

Mrs. O. W. Nordwell is spending a few days on the Nordwell place.

Mrs. Dietle and Mrs. Westiles are visiting with Mrs. Van Hagen.

Geo. Benson, a youth of San Francisco, received three months in the county jail as a sentence from Judge Brown on Wednesday. The offence was battery upon Mrs. Harrison of Glen Ellen.

If you desire to trip
The fantastic so light
Come 'round to Union Hall
On Saturday night—Sept. 22.
And with music so gay
We'll dance with delight
Till the break of next day.

Splendid discounts on every cash purchase at the Racket.

Daily Call and Expositor, $7 per year; Weekly Call and Expositor, $2.25 per year; Sunday Call and Expositor, $2.50 per year.

City Shoeing Shop

FRED C. POLSON, Prop.
ALL HORSESHOEING GUARANTEED
Lameness Interfering and Forging Prevented.
SHOP NEAR POST OFFICE.

J J DUNBAR

DEALER IN
Stoves and Tinware
Pumps, Windmills, Tanks. Plumbing and Jobbing of all Kinds.

THE BON TON

SHAVING PARLORS
W. E. LANDGREBE, Prop.
All Work in First Class Shape.
Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty.
Next door to Union Hotel.
SONOMA, - - - - - CAL.

GERMAN BAKERY

A. SCHWEICKHARDT.

FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.
Choice pies and cakes always on hand at reasonable prices
BROADWAY, Near Plaza SONOMA.

The Old Reliable Drug Store
IS
CLOSING OUT
Their Entire Stock of
General Merchandise.
S. W. CORNER PLAZA — SONOMA, CAL.

A. W. WEAVER,

Genral
Blacksmith and Woodworker
PLOW SHEAR GRINDING
AND HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
Agent for Peerless Plows.
Shop West Side of Plaza, — Sonoma

The UNION

Livery and Feed Stable
GRANVILLE HARRIS, Proprietor.
We can Give you as fine turnouts as any in the Valley
And at Very Reasonable Rates.
Stage Office of the Southern Pacific Railway

WILL STEUBEN

PRACTICAL
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Watches, jewelry and clocks repaired and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
A well selected stock of up-to-date Jewelery on hand which we are offering very low.

FRUIT BOXES

VARIOUS KINDS and SIZES
Parties desiring fruit boxes will find it to their advantage to call on us and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.
John Batto & Son

WHY?

should you trade with me?
Because I sell better clothing for
Less Money
Than any other Clothing or Hat house in Sonoma county. Call, look through my stock and convince yourself.
H. L. TRIPP,
One Price Clother and Hatter
509 Fourth Street, Santa Rosa.

WEYL BROS.

Sonoma Meat Market
Buy only the best
And Supply Their Customers at Reasonable Prices.
Fish Fish Every Thursday, and
The Best of Dairy Butter Always on Hand.
VALLEJO STREET, - - - - - - - SONOMA

1906 Established 1864.

MRS. J. A. POPPE

DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Hardware,
Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes.
Highest Prices Paid FOR FARM PRODUCE.
EAST SIDE OF PLAZA, - - - - - SONOMA, CAL.

BETTER DAIRYING.

Good Results of Persistence In Correct Feeding and Care.

In taking a scrub cow and feeding her on the most approved dairy rations we not only fail to secure good results, as with a well bred cow, but in many cases we find that the animal does not show the same desire for the food, says E. P. Sweet in The American Cultivator. A cow's appetite is a good deal like the owner's, and there are many cases when it must be educated up to appreciation of certain things that are good for her. The well bred cow is one that not only inherits good tendencies and capacities, but one that has been taught from birth to like the right sort of foods and knows how to digest and assimilate them without much waste. A cow with no past tendencies cannot be suddenly taught all this. The improvement must begin when she is a calf, and hence the right system of feeding at first is important from any point of view. Teaching a cow what to eat and training her not to waste her food go a long way toward making even a scrub a profitable possession. In order to do this, however, the

CAN WASHER.

work must be continued systematically for months, year after year, and not spasmodically. Sometimes past tendencies in a cow cannot be overcome in one generation, but if we can produce no effect for the present there is always the hope that the next generation will show the results of the good training.

Most people have no patience to continue bestowing good training, care and work upon a cow that persistently shows poor returns, and yet such people will keep such cows and bring them up in neglect. My advice would be to dispose of the animals at once, but if for any reason it is desirable to keep them good feeding and care are the only things to give to them. Neglect is the worst sort of policy to follow. It pays even to show good care to the poorest scrub so long as she is considered worthy of keeping at all. When an animal is not profitable, it is better to dispose of it in the quickest way possible and put the money in something else.

It would surprise many to see what a change can be effected in cows through a little modern, up to date dairy practice. Proper food properly given will almost inevitably produce more butter fat and a larger flow of milk. In proportion to the care exercised in breeding and rearing the animals, will this improvement often be manifest, and there are some cases where the results are so slow in coming that discouragement comes first. I am convinced of this from the cases I have witnessed where poor old scrub cows have been brought up to respectable milkers simply because their owners were determined to make them better.

Keeping Milk Pure.

No city in the world takes as much trouble to keep its milk supply pure as does New York, says The Herald. There are only six government inspectors for the counties of New York, Queens, Richmond, Nassau and Suffolk, but the health department employs a large staff of men for this purpose on its own account.

Every train and boat which brings milk to the city is met on its arrival by an inspector, who takes a sample from every consignment with his Lactometer. Thus far this season the supply has been singularly free from impurities, but this has been due only to the unceasing vigilance of the inspectors.

When one considers the fact that 10,000,000 gallons of the fluid are consumed in the city during each summer month, one can appreciate the necessity of guarding against an impure supply, for bad milk will quickly breed disease, especially among infants.

Milk to be up to government standard must contain 3 per cent of butter fat and 12 per cent milk solids. This, however, has been considered rather low by the state board of health, and if a consignment is found to be not up to this mark the arrest of the vender quickly follows. Putting water in the milk is now, as it has been from time immemorial, the most common form of adulteration.

Butter From Pasteurized Cream.

The results which have been attained in this country from making butter from pasteurized cream have not generally been satisfactory, although this method is largely practiced in Denmark, says The American Agriculturist. In some recent experiments made at the New York experiment station at Geneva with pasteurizing machines the results indicate that the fault does not lie in the machines, but in the low temperature in manipulating them. The germ destroying power of the machines proved most excellent when used at temperatures ranging from 176 to 185, and the number of bacteria present were reduced from hundreds of thousands and even millions to 200 or 300.

Butter made from milk heated momentarily to these high temperatures has very little cooked flavor and if handled rightly none at all. If the machines are ever to become popular there must be absolutely no flavor of this sort in the resulting product as made by the majority of butter makers.

VARIABLE TESTS.

Hard to Tell Why Milk and Cream Will Vary.

At a western institute a questioner, speaking on the variations in the quality of cream and milk, said: Farmers all over the country will come into the creamery and insist that their test for the month is not all right. They will say, "I know my cows produce more butter fat than that test shows." Now, what would be our best plan to give a satisfactory answer to this man and in a conscientious way tell that gentleman why his test is lower after, of course, asking him a number of questions as to food, etc.? However, they usually come in in the first place and say that they are feeding the same food; that they are the same cows and they give the same amount of milk, but the test is lower.

Professor Haecker, replying, said: I have heard quite a number of persons say, "Well, I kicked on my test, and the next time it was higher." The best way is to stick right to the exact test, never varying one way or the other from the exact test. Give them some literature which will set out that where cows have been tested year after year with the same feed, etc., they will vary and that no reason is known for the variance; that they will vary under the very best of care. Now, if he learns that his herd will vary—sometimes test 3.2 and sometimes 3.6 and sometimes more—he will not be so unreasonable. We are deeply interested in this matter of testing at the college, and if we test at the agricultural college and find the same results and variations that you find and cannot account for them he cannot expect you to give him a test of the same per cent every month.

Milk and Land Fertility.

The farmer who produces milk seldom thinks of the amount of fertilizing material that is needed to replace that carried away in the milk, says The American Cultivator. If he buys grain for his cows and feeds it to them the greater part of the year, he probably buys more fertility than he sells, and if the manure is properly cared for his land continues to grow richer and his crops larger and more remunerative. If he gets a fair price for his milk, he may think or know that he is making money. But when it is a question of doubt whether it is a better policy to sell the milk or the cream or to make butter and cheese at home, feeding the skimmilk and buttermilk and whey to calves and swine, then the amount of fertilizer in the milk may prove an important item and perhaps have influence in deciding the question. We do not allude to the fertilizer that drops into the pail from the cow's udder and flanks, though some careless farmers send off considerable fertilizing material in that way, but to those elements which are in pure milk.

Milk which will test 4 per cent butter fat contains about $2.18 worth of fertilizing elements, as commercial fertilizers are sold, in each ton. At many of the creameries 80 per cent of the weight delivered is returned in skimmilk, and as this contains nearly all the casein the greater part of the fertilizing property goes back to the farm. As a ton of cream is supposed to contain but 65 cents' worth of fertilizer about $2 worth is returned out of the $2.17 in the milk. This is not a great loss.

A ton of cheese is supposed to require about 11 to 12 tons of milk, and some $18 worth of fertilizers is lost to the farm, as but little goes back in the whey if it is taken, and the whey has not a high feeding value. The feeding value of the skimmilk is considerable, usually reckoned about 20 cents per 100 pounds, or $4 per ton, and the fertilizing value nearly all returns to the farm, so that a ton of skimmilk may be valued at about $6 per ton for growing animals and keeping up the condition of the soil when it is properly used.

Filth About the Creamery.

Now is a good time to look well after the sanitary condition of the creamery, says A. W. Trow in The Creamery Journal. Drains should be flushed frequently and a liberal sprinkling of lime should be used in outside gutters, for this is the season that the vilest odors are rampant. We are too frequently reminded of this as we pass the carelessly kept creamery.

If milk, buttermilk or separator refuse has been allowed to accumulate about the creamery during the winter, the warm spring and summer weather brings on rapid decomposition. The atmosphere becomes impregnated with odors which are most disastrous to western extras. The bacteria which work havoc to good flavor become established. The usual result which follows such carelessness is that when the account of sales comes in the price is one or two cents below the top quotation and $75 or $100 is lost to the patrons. The commission man writes the butter maker that his goods are off in flavor to the extent that he could not place them in their regular line and was obliged to make a lively hustle in order to dispose of them even at this unusually low figure.

Alfalfa Flavor.

Butter made from milk of alfalfa fed cows is liable to have a peculiar flavor unless special care is taken in the handling of the cream. It is customary to separate a very heavy cream and to hasten the ripening in order to exclude or cover undesirable flavors. The cream tests about 40 per cent fat and the use of homemade or commercial starters is not uncommon. In one creamery the cream is stirred continually for five hours after it is put into the vat. No doubt this serves to aerate it and partially removes undesirable flavors. The cream is churned from 20 to 25 hours old and the butter is immediately prepared for market.—Bulletin 24, United States Department of Agriculture.

JOB PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS

Neatly and Promptly Executed

AT THE

EXPOSITOR OFFICE.

THE SONOMA VALLEY OFFERS RARE INDUCEMENTS

TO ALL HOME-SEEKERS

Geographical and Geological

Sonoma Valley extends from within a few miles of Santa Rosa on the north to San Pablo Bay on the south, a distance of thirty miles. It is nowhere more than eight miles wide, the average width being five miles. It embraces portions of Petaluma and Huichica Ranchos, and the Agua Caliente and the Los Guilicos Ranchos, the Pueblo, Snoma. The valley is separated from Petaluma valley on the west and Napa valley on the east by low ranges of volcanic mountains.

Industries.

The principal industries of the valley are fruit growing, wine making and dairy farming Here also may be found the most extensive basalt quarries on the Pacific Coast. The wine of Sonoma is famous all over the United States. It commands the highest price, and is more eagerly sought than any other wine produced in California. All Fruits and Grapes are grown

Entirely Without Irigation.

As a consequence, the Wines and Fruits of Sonoma excel all others for flavor color and bouquet.

Climate and Scenery

The climate of Sonoma valley is unsurpassed. The fogs which prevail in other portions of the State are here conspicuous for their absence, being shut out by the range of mountains on the west. The intense heat of Summer prevailing on the great plains of Caliiornia, is here tempered by the gentle breezes from the Pacific. The proximity of the ocean also tends to equalize the temperature in Winter, rendering the climate of Sonoma Valleymild, gentle and agreeable. Along the banks of Sonoma Creek may be found some of the prettiest scenery in the state of California. Extensive picnic grounds may be laid out in numberless places along this stream. Sonoma mountain and Bennett peak on the west side of the valley are conspicuous objects to the traveler. Good roads radiating from Sonoma and Glen Ellen to all points of the compass, afford excellent drives and promenades.

Good schools under the management of able and experienced teachers are to be found in Sonoma Valley, affording the best of instruction to the youth of the country.

Historical.

SONOMA is an Indian word and means "Valley of the Moon," and was the name originally given to the beautiful valley from which the County was afterwards namede The tribe of Indians inhabiting the valley were called Cochuyens. On the arrival of the first expedition to establish a mission, the name Sonoma was given to the Chief by Jose Altimira, the priest in charge, and after the Chief, the tribe and the valley they inhabited took the name Sonoma.

To those wishing further information concerning our Town, Valley or Industries may have the same by addressing the SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR.

The only Sewing Machine that does not fail in any point. ROTARY MOTION and BALL BEARINGS, the lightest running machine in the world. RAPID. Saves about one day in three, sewing that much faster than any vibrating shuttle sewing machine. More time is saved, more money earned. Quiet and Durable. The rotary motion does away with noise and wear caused by the forward and backward movement of the shuttle.

General Office for PACIFIC COAST
933 Market St. San Francisco,
For Sale By **F. T. Duhring.**

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN AT THIS OFFICE.

BUY DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY

HONEST MACHINES AT HONEST PRICES

Our machines are the best, our prices the lowest.

ALL MACHINES GUARANTEED FOR 10 YEARS

WRITE FOR PRICES AND CATALOGUE

CHICAGO SEWING MACHINE CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.

Iroquois Bicycles $16.75

400 of the famous **Iroquois Model 3** Bicycles will be sold at $16.75 each, just one-third their real value.

IROQUOIS CYCLE WORKS FAILED because their wheels were too expensively built, and we have bought the entire plant at a forced sale at 20 cents on the dollar. With it we got 400 Model 3 Iroquois Bicycles, finished and complete, **Made to sell at $60.** To advertise our business we have concluded to sell these 400 at just what they stand us, and make the **marvelous offer of a Model 3 IROQUOIS BICYCLE at $16.75 while they last.** The wheels are strictly up-to-date, famous everywhere for beauty and good quality.

DESCRIPTON The Iroquois Model 3 is too well known to need a detailed description. Shelby 1¼ in. seamless tubing, improved two-piece crank, detachable sprockets, arch crown, barrel hubs and hanger, 2¼ in. drop, finest nickel and enamel; colors, black, maroon and coach green; Gents' frames, 22, 24 and 26 in., Ladies' 22 in.; best "Record," guaranteed tires and high-grade equipment throughout. **Our Written Guarantee** with every bicycle.

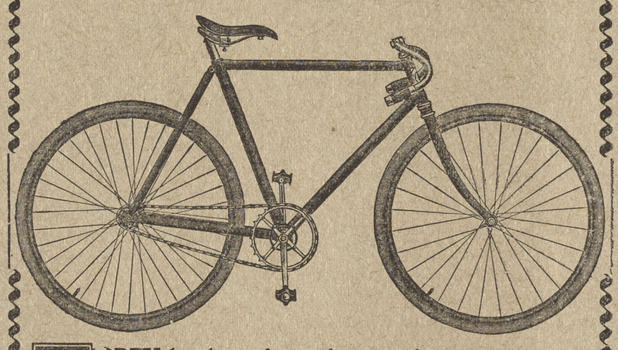
SEND ONE DOLLAR for your express agent's guarantee for charges one way) state whether ladies' or gents', color and height of frame wanted, and we will ship C. O. D. for the balance ($15.75 and express charges), subject to examination and approval. If you don't find it the **most wonderful Bicycle Offer ever made,** send it back at our expense. **ORDER TO-DAY** if you don't want to be disappointed. 50 cents discount for cash in full with order.

WE HAVE BICYCLES A complete line of '99 Models at **$11.50** and up. Second-hand Wheels $3 to $10. We want **EXPERT AGENTS** in every town to represent us. Hundreds earned their bicycle last year. This year we offer wheels and cash for work done for us; also **Free Use** of sample wheel to agents. Write for our **liberal proposition.** We are known everywhere as the greatest Exclusive Bicycle House in the world and are perfectly reliable; we refer to any bank or business house in Chicago, to any express company and to our customers everywhere.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE CO., Chicago, Ill.

The Mead Cycle Co. are absolutely reliable and Iroquois Bicycles at $16.75 are wonderful bargains.—Editor

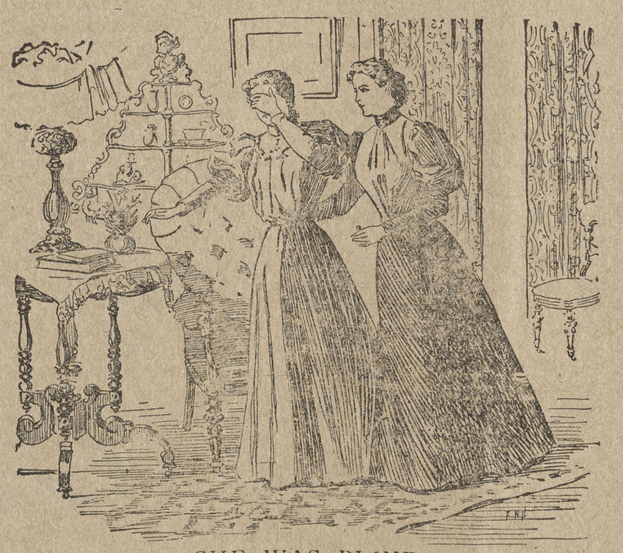
The "White"



RIDDEN by the professional racer, it has proven a winner oftener than any in competition. Ridden by the non-professional, by the "scorcher," for business or pleasure, it has a record second to none. Material used in its construction, pains-taking care in manufacturing details, ease in running, and handsome, symmetrical design are a few of its claims for superiority. Reasonable prices, coupled with high values, are characteristics of the "WHITE." Our long established reputation guarantees the excellence of our product.

Models A and E	$50.00
Model G (30-in. wheel)	60.00
"Special Racer"	65.00
Models E and F (chainless)	75.00

White Sewing Machine Company,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.



SHE WAS BLIND.

A blindness comes to me now and then. I have it now. It is queer—I can see your eyes but not your nose. I can't read because some of the letters are blurred; dark spots cover them; it is very uncomfortable.

I know all about it; it's DYSPEPSIA. Take one of these; it will cure you in ten minutes.

What is it?

A Ripans Tabule.

WANTED.—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R-I-P-A-N-S on the package and accept no substitute. R-I-P-A-N-S, 10 for 5 cents or twelve packets for 48 cents, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce St., New York.